## S3 Life During the War

What social, political, and economic changes resulted from the war?

- Social: Women's had more opportunity and responsibility.
- Political: Many political disagreements in the North and the South over the war and the economy.
- Economic: War was expensive for both sides, which had to raise money to pay for the war as well as establish new policies to keep the economy going

During the War, life on both sides changed dramatically.

- Parts of the South in the paths of the armies were destroyed.
- The South also faced severe shortages of food and supplies.

## New Roles for Women

- Women on both sides took on new roles during the war.
- They kept farms and businesses running, they served as teachers and clerks. Rose O' Neal Greenbow was a Confederate spy.
- Women also served in the war, Dorothea Dix convinced officials to let women serve, and recruited many nurses.
- Mary Edwards Walker was the first woman army surgeon.

## Both the North and the South faced rebellions.

Political and Economic Change

Food shortages in the South led to bread riots in Richmond, and other cities. In the North,

- Peace Democrats; Copperheads, who wanted the war to end immediately.
- Soon both sides had trouble recruiting enough soldiers.
- The Confederate Congress passed a draft law in 1862.
- The Union also passed a draft law, March 1863
- In both the North and the South, a man could avoid the draft by paying a fee or hiring a substitute.

The draft law caused protests.

In July 1863, mobs rioted in New York City.